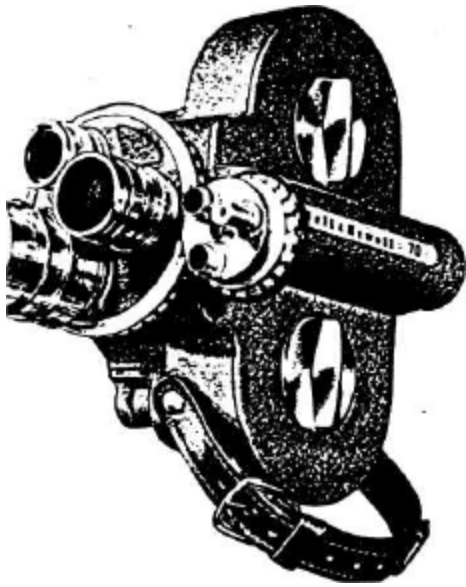
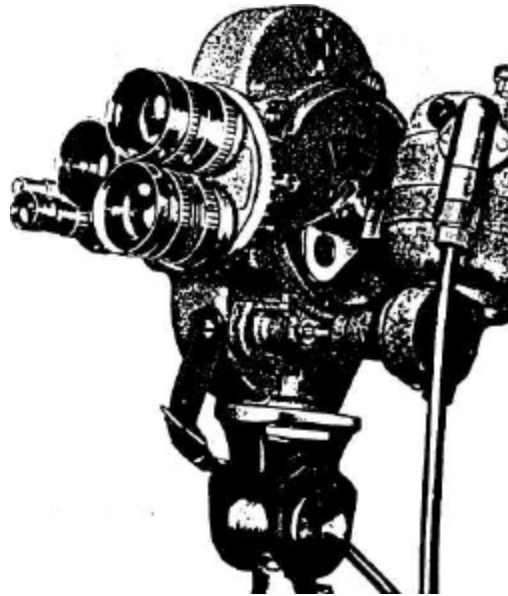


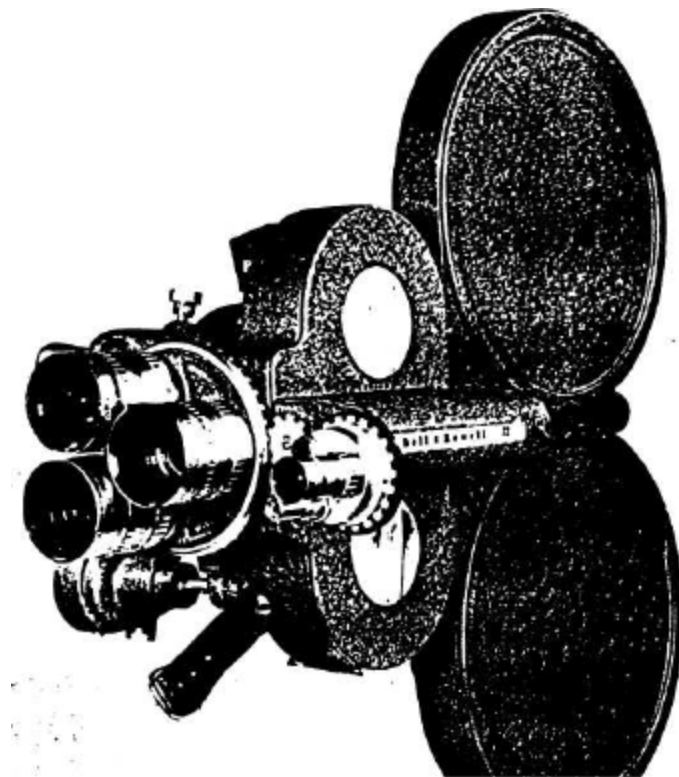
INSTRUCTIONS



MODEL 70DR CAMERA



MODEL 70TMR CAMERA



## FACTORY SERVICE ADDRESSES

### PRODUCT ONLY

#### CHICAGO

Kowell Photo Sales Co.  
Service Department  
11888 South Howard Street  
Chicago, Illinois 60622  
Phone: 312-673-3300

#### NEW YORK

Bell & Howell Photo Sales Co.  
General Service Department  
200 Smith Street  
E. Farmingdale, L.I., New York 11735  
Area Code: 516-293-8910

#### GLENDALE

Bell & Howell Photo  
General Service Department  
623 Rodier Drive  
Glendale, California  
Area Code: 213-24

### PARTS ORDERS AND SERVICE INFORMATION

Bell & Howell Photo Sales Co.  
General Service Department 7100  
McCormick Road Chicago, Illinois  
60645 Area Code: 312-673-3300

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## CTIONS

Manual has been prepared to aid the repair and adjustment of Bell & Filmo" Motion Picture Cameras, -HR and 70-TMR. These instruction production models bearing serial number higher. When repairing earlier refer to Service Manual Part No. 1959).

Camera models covered in this Service Manual are similar in appearance and design. All are cameras with a 100-foot film capacity. The 70-DR is even with a 19-foot film run on one lens. The three-lens turret is gear-coupled to the viewfinder turret and magnifying viewfinder lens focusing is provided. Major differences are as follows:

The 70-DR and 70-TMR are adapted for additional motor. The 70-DR must be factored for synchronous motor drive is desired.

The cameras have seven speeds. How the 70-DR are calibrated in frames-per-minute from 8 fps to 64 fps, whereas the 70-TMR are calibrated in the decimal system, from 0.1 to 1.0 per-minute, and is indexed to include 24 fps speeds.

The 70-DR is adapted to accept a 400-foot film. The 70-DR and 70-TMR are not.

A Parts Catalog is included at the rear of the manual to identify replacement parts of parts in the exploded view illustrations in a suggested order of disassembly as an aid to the serviceman during repairs.

### CAUTION PRECAUTIONS.

5. The removal and installation of parts can be accomplished with tools available in all photo repair shops (re-amer, screwdrivers and socket wrenches and so on). Special tools

and test equipment required are listed in the Special Tools List at the end of this section.

### NOTE

#### BEFORE ATTEMPTING CAMERA REPAIRS

- (1) Check camera operation by performing the pre-disassembly inspection procedures outlined in paragraph 1.
- (2) Refer to Troubleshooting Chart for probable causes and recommended remedies involving customer complaints.

When repairing equipment, be sure that the work surface is clean. As parts are removed, group them in an orderly fashion to avoid confusion during reassembly. Clean dirt and old lubricant from parts (except electrical components and lenses) with a good cleaning solvent. Hardened film emulsion can be removed from the aperture plate by using alcohol and sharpened orange stick. Do not use a knife, or other metal tool, to scrape away film emulsion.

During reassembly procedure, be sure to perform lubrication procedures noted in the instructions. Do not over-lubricate any part. Lubricant must be applied sparingly and special precautions must be taken to avoid getting oil and grease on optical elements (filters, lenses, etc.). Except where specifically noted, be sure to use only Bell & Howell grease (part no. 70468) and Bell & Howell oil (part no. 0896).

**CAUTION:** Follow the disassembly and reassembly instructions closely when removing and installing the main drive spring. Wear gloves to prevent cuts when handling the spring during cleaning operations.

After the camera has been repaired and adjusted, perform the inspections and test procedures outlined in the Final Test section to insure satisfactory operation.

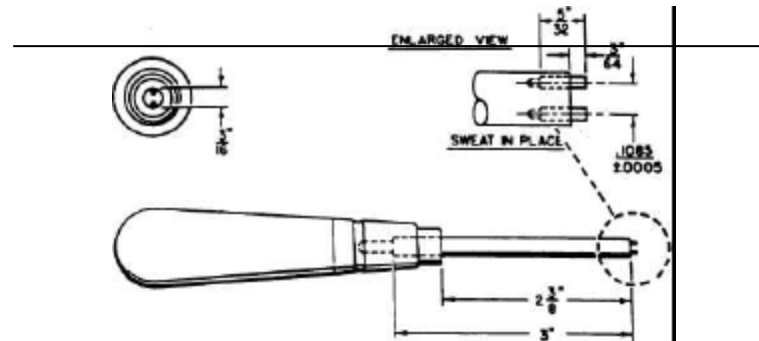


Figure A. S-8681-F1 Mechanism Pin Wrench

SPECIAL TOOLS LIST

30LNO.	TOOL NAME	USE	FI
!43(F1-F11)	Spring winding fixture	Removing and installing drive spring	
72-N1	Shuttle tooth gage	Checking shuttle teeth clearance	
63-N2	Front plate gage fixture	Aligning aperture opening	
18-F2	Hand crank	Used with spring winding fixture	
I94-F3	Spring gaging fixture	Adjusting the governor	
I94-F4	Spring gaging fixture	Adjusting the governor	
181-F1	Mechanism pin wrench	Adjusting feed spindle tension	

PECTION PRIOR TO DISASSEMBLY.

GENERAL INSPECTION. Load the camera tposed film. With the camera door removed, tie spring motor to capacity and lock the start-tton in place. Check the course of the film to certain that sprocket teeth are releasing the

b. CHECKING CAMERA RUNNING fore disassembling the camera, it is check the camera running speeds to detei or not the governor needs adjustment or In many cases, should it be found thatsp or fast, the replacement and remarkini dial may be all that is necessary. Wii

CTIONS

aid be recalibrated after the camera  
bled. (Refer to paragraph 22.)

of tions	No. of Seconds	Tolerances	
		Fast	Slow
	75	6 sec	3 sec
	60	6 sec	3 sec
	45	5 sec	3 sec
	30	3 sec	2 sec
	26	3 sec	2 sec
	15	2 sec	2 sec
	13	2 sec	2 sec

NOTE

ite method for checking the run-  
to count the shutter revolutions  
scope, if such an instrument is  
e the following chart as a guide.

Shutter rom	Tolerances (~ or -)	
		10%
480		
720		
960		
	1440	10%
	1920	10%
	2880	10%
	3480	

>T. Make a photo test with approxi-  
our feet of film. Examine this test  
s in order to check the camera lens  
nds of the film to make a loop and  
- ojector to check the steadiness and  
Df the image. Examine the film for

SEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS.

>embly of camera is not to include  
g mechanism from camera frame,  
vs: Allow camera to run down by  
button, until it stops at end of run.  
ly instructions from paragraph 2

mechanism plate is to be removed  
I back mechanism plate or drive  
iare the camera as follows: Press  
utton and allow camera to run to end  
I idler gear in

(3) If camera is to be completely disassemble\*  
first prepare the camera as follows: Wind spir  
motor to capacity, remove camera cover and si  
camera at slowest speed. Press camera startir  
button, and allow camera to run until the first lor  
tooth of idler gear is completely visible in the ge  
opening. While holding idler gear in depressed pos:  
tion with screwdriver, allow camera to run until tl  
shallow space between drive gear teeth is visible  
the opening. Release the idler gear so that the fir:  
long tooth is engaged in this shallow space. Pres  
camera starting button to make certain that mecte  
nism is locked (does not run). Then proceed wi  
disassembly of camera.

2. WINDING KEY. (See Figure 1.)

a. Pry the winding key from its socket with  
screwdriver or simihar tool.

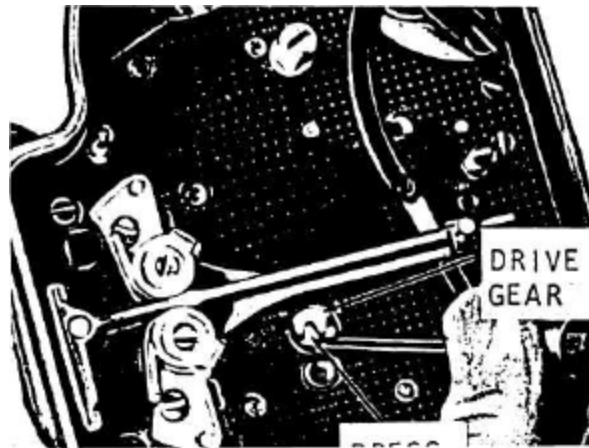
b. Drive out the pin (1) with a drift punch, and re  
move the ratchet (2) from the spring shaft.

c. Pry the retaining ring (3) from the groove  
the key body. Remove the retaining collar (4) ar  
slide off the friction clip (5), clamp spring (6) ai  
handle plate (7).

d. Pull on the end of the spring shaft to comprei  
the spring, and press out the uncoupling bar (8). Th  
tap lightly on the end of the spring shaft (9) until tl  
plug (10), spring shaft and spring (11) come out of tl  
key body (12).

3. HAND CRANK. (See Figure 2.)

a. Remove the hand crank dial locking spring ( &  
and pull the dial (2) from the crank stem. Be caref  
not to lose the two steel balls (3) and the compre!  
sion spring (4).



Take out the fillister head screw (5) and remove the handle (6) from the hand crank assembly (7).

**LENS COVER ASSEMBLY.** (See Figure 3.)

Remove the four screws (3) which secure the lens assembly (2) to the camera cover (34). Design 70-HR camera only, the viewfinder is removed from the cover by means of a spacer (19), and the gear (19C) is required to couple the viewfinder to the lens turret.

Unscrew the eyepiece mount (4) from the rear viewfinder tube housing (18). Loosen the pilot screws (6) and (7) and withdraw the finder tube assembly (5) from the housing. Remove the turret (9) and spring washer (10) and separate the turret (8) from the tube (13), being careful not to lose the spring (11) and roller (12). Remove the internal retaining ring (15) and withdraw the correction cam (14) from the housing, catch-steel ball (16) and spring (17) as they are disassembled.

The prongs of the latch cam keys (20A) are removed to secure the latch parts to the cover. The stakings must be filed away in order to disassemble the keys and the hubs (20B) and (20C) from the cover. Then remove the latch cams (22) and (23) and the latch cam link (24).

When the remaining cover parts are secured with the screws and can be removed easily for replacement.

**FRONT PLATE ASSEMBLY.** (See Figure 4.)

The unit of the camera known as the front plate assembly consists of the lens turret, front plate, and intermittent mechanism (cam and shuttle).

Pry out the oil retaining plug (2) with a screwdriver or knife blade. Remove the hex nut (3) and the spring (4) from the shuttle cam spindle. Revolve the front plate (5) with an outward motion while cupping one hand around the front plate to catch the three indexing studs (6), indexing rollers (7) and compression springs (8) as the lens turret is removed.

#### CAUTION

Refer to paragraph 1, step d, for proper precautions to be taken before further disassembly is attempted.

The bearing plate (9) now can be lifted from the front plate. Remove the screw (10) that holds the return spring (11) in place, and lift out the spring (12).

e. Remove the two screws (14) that hold the guide rail (13) in place, and lift out the guide rail. Remove the two screws (16) from the aperture plate (15), and the aperture plate, film tension guide rail tension spring (18) can be lifted out.

f. Take out the two screws (19) that hold the pins in place and lift out the shuttle (20). Be careful not to lose shuttle pins (21), bumper spring washer (23) during this operation. Lift out the pawl assembly (24).

g. Carefully lift the shutter and shuttle assembly (25) from the shuttle cam spindle (29). Be careful not to lose the shims (26) and the dowel pin (28). The need not be removed from the front plate. Do not remove the spindle as semi-cast the front plate (32) unless it is loose in the casting. If such is the case, the front plate is replaced.

#### 6. REMOVING DRIVING MECHANISM ASSEMBLY

a. Before attempting to take out the driving mechanism assembly, the hand crank housing or 50, Figure 10) first must be removed. In cameras, the belt housing parts (32 thru 34) also must be removed. The parts in the remainder of this disassembly are illustrated in Figure 5.

b. Remove the four screws (1) that fasten the driving mechanism to the camera frame. Remove the shoulder screw (2) and separate the governor link (8) to the speed the gate arm between thumb and forefinger. Fully lift the driving mechanism out of the frame.

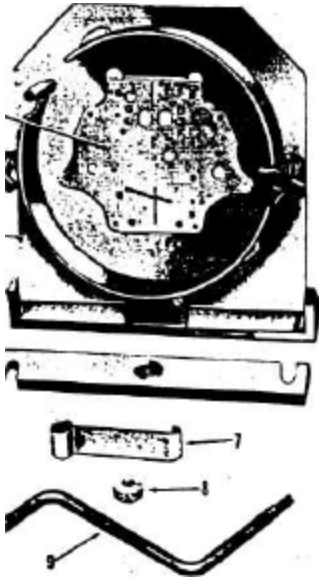
#### CAUTION

Do not attempt to remove the main spring from the mechanism unless the retaining clamp and a holding fixture (Tool No. ST-243) are available (Figure C). Be careful not to drop the mechanism as it may cause the spring to release.

c. Place the assembled mechanism in the holding fixture (Tool ST-243-F1) with the spring facing up (Figure C, Step 2), and attach a spring clamp around the spring. If it does not fit easily around the spring, use the fixture (Tool No. S-5218-F2) to wind the spring.

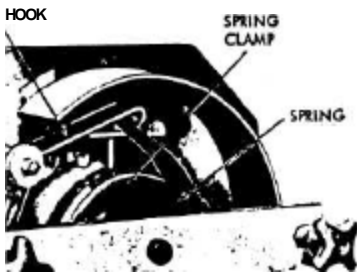
d. Install the retaining bar (Tool No. S-5218-F2) as shown in Figure C, Step 2, and lock the clamp knobs. Turn the fixture over.

CTIONS



Adapter ST-243-F5  
 Collar ST-243-F9  
 Spring Hub ST-243-F7  
 Bar ST-243-F2 Fixture  
 ST-243-F1 Plate ST-  
 243-F8 Book ST-243-  
 F11 Snob ST-243-F10  
 Hand Crank S-5218-F2

. Holding Fixture, ST-243 (FI-FII)



RETAINING  
 BAR

e. Remove the retaining bar from the holding fixture and lift the spring and clamp carefully from the rear mechanism plate. It is always advisable to wear gloves when handling the spring since the edges are very sharp. When lifting the mechanism plate from the fixture, be careful not to lose the stud (i) which held the outer end of the spring.

f. Place the fixture plate (Tool No. ST-243-FJ) into the holding fixture as shown in Figure C, Step 1, and install the collar (Tool No. ST-243-F9), spring hook (Tool No. ST-243-F11) and nut (Tool No. SI 243-F10) on the spring hook stud of the fixture as shown in Figure C, Step 3. Place the fixture spring hub (Tool No. ST-243-F7) over the collar in the center of the fixture plate and lower the driving spring down over the hub, engaging the inner end of the spring with the slot in the hub.

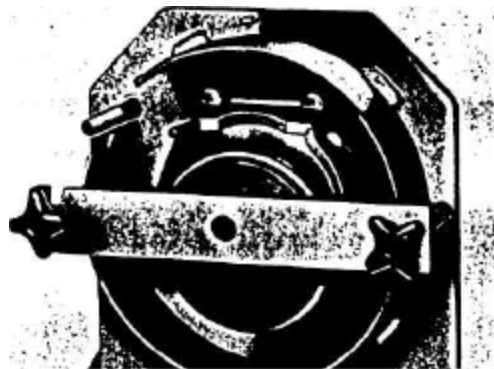
g. Install the adapter (Tool No. ST-243-F5) on top of the hub and the retaining bar (Tool No. ST-243-F) on the adapter, and tighten the clamp knobs securely. Engage the spring hook with the outer end of the driving spring.

h. Use the hand crank to wind the spring until the spring clamp can be removed. Then slowly unwind the spring until it fills the drum of the holding fixture. The spring now can be pulled through the opening slot in the fixture for inspection and cleaning.

i. Remove the shoulder screw (9) that fastens the governor connecting link (8) to the front plate.

7. FRONT MECHANISM PLATE ASSEMBLY.

a. Remove the fillister head screws (index 1, Figure 6) that fasten the upper and lower mechanism plates together. Then remove the special head screw (2) with the S-8681 driving mechanism pin wrench



## INSTRUCTIONS

Remove the screw (12) and slide the two washers (13), the key washer (14), (15), and compression spring (16) and collar assembly (17).

Remove the retaining washer (18) from the main drive shaft (21). Remove the split retaining washer with a screwdriver and lift the main drive shaft from the drive shaft. Press on the main drive shaft until it is forced out from the under-mechanism plate (24). The packing is sealed in place and should be replaced of replacement. Lift the spring from the main drive shaft.

REMOVE ASSEMBLY (Design 70-DR and see Figure 9.)

The critical focuser (1), critical focuser eye-piece carrier (3) have been shown exploded only for illustrating purposes. The alignment of these parts is very critical and requires the use of special factory equipment. Do not remove the stop pawl push button (4) and

Remove the retaining spring (6) from the stop plunger and the friction

Remove the fillister head screw (9) from inside the camera frame and remove the film meter spring (11) and friction washer (12). Remove the fillister head screw (14) that fastens the retaining spring (13) to the inside of the camera frame and withdraw assembled governor dial (17) and speed control knob (18). The governor dial is fastened to the holder (17) with two

Remove the housing (19), which was taken off in the removal of the driving mechanism. The housing can be disassembled as follows: Lift the housing (19) from the underside of the housing, remove the spring cover (22) and press out the drive pin assembly (23).

### NOTE

The parts within the housing are reamed by the factory and must not be removed.

Do not remove the clamp (24) or clamp screws

10. CAMERA FRAME DISASSEMBLY (Design 70-1 only). (See Figure 10.)

a. The critical focuser (1), critical focuser eye-piece (2) and focuser carrier (3) have been shown exploded in Figure 9 only for illustrating purposes. The alignment of these parts is very critical and requires the use of special factory equipment. Do not remove them. Lift out the stop pawl push button (4) and the spring (5).

b. Remove the retaining spring (6) from the stop plunger (7), and lift out the plunger and the friction spring (8).

c. Remove the cover screw (10) and cover (11). Remove two screws (12) and disassemble the era and support assembly (13), push pin (14) and spring (15) from the camera frame. Remove four screws (19), two side bars (20), the magazine attaching plate (21) and gasket (22).

d. Do not remove the clamp screws (24) or 1 critical focuser clamp (23). If the main drive shaft bushing (25) is damaged or badly worn, press it from the frame.

e. Remove the screw (26) and retaining spring (27) and lift the assembled governor dial and holder from the camera frame. Remove two screws (29) and disassemble the dial (28) and holder (30) from the speed control knob (31).

f. Belt housing parts (32) through (38) and end housing parts (50) through (54) were removed in paragraph 6 to permit removal of the driving mechanism. The bearing disc (40) can be removed by taking out five screws (39) that attach it to the frame.

g. Remove three screws (42) from inside the camera frame and lift the complete Veeder counter assembly (41) from the frame. Drive out the dowel (43) to free the Veeder counter gear (44). Remove four screws (45) and disassemble the mounting pin (46) from the Veeder counter (47).

## 11. CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS.

a. Wash all parts thoroughly with aromatic petroleum naphtha and dry carefully with a clean, white lint-free cloth. Old grease and oil must be completely removed.

b. Remove the hardened shellac and old graph from the main spring cover plate and the inside of camera frame.



3 a temporary measure. However, replacement is advisable if such damage is evident. Check the shutter cam spindle and shutter cam bearing surfaces for deep grooves or scratches and replace if necessary.

Inspect the aperture plate through a magnifying glass if available, for nicks and scratches. A light polish with fine crocus cloth sometimes will remove abrasions. Do not attempt to polish out deep scratches because changes in the thickness of the aperture plate affect the focal distance. If the plate is bent or scratched to any great extent, it must be replaced with a new one.

Inspect the teeth of the cranking gear and pinion for damage and replace if necessary.

MV1ERA FRAME ASSEMBLY (Design 70-HR only). (See Figure 10.)

During reassembly, lubricate all moving steel parts and bearings with a light film of oil. Do not over-lubricate.

If the stop plunger bushing (55) on the main shaft bushing (25) was replaced, press the new one into the camera frame.

Assemble the cranking gear (54) into the crank housing (50) and press the housing cover (53) in place, the felt block (52) into the housing recess and the other parts and the attaching screws (51) aside. The crank housing must not be installed until the governor mechanism has been inserted into the camera

Attach the motor bracket (48) to the camera frame with four screws (49). Assemble the knurled stop (16) to the bracket.

Fasten the counter mounting plate (46) to the

d. Inspect governor worm carefully: Make sure that shaft is not bent and spring is not broken. The complete governor assembly must be replaced if damage is evident.

e. Examine all gears for broken teeth. Replace damaged parts. All gear shafts must be checked to make certain that they are not bent.

f. Examine the camera frame and cover for cracks that might admit light, and replace items if such damage is found. Springs that have become weakened through constant use should be replaced with new ones.

g. Lay a scale across the surface of the frame plate. If there is a bow in the plate, it should be bent until straight. This must be done carefully. Springs (32) through (38) must not be installed if the governor mechanism has been inserted into the frame.

f. Fasten the governor dial (28) to the frame (30) with two screws (29) and press the stop speed control knob (31). Insert the dial through the camera frame and assemble the retaining spring (27) around the governor. Secure the spring to the camera frame (26).

g. Fasten the magazine attachment gasket (22) to the camera frame with the magazine bars (20) and four screws (19). Install the magazine (14) and its spring (15) and hold it in place by inserting the hub of the crank and support (13) through the frame and attaching the crank arm. The crank arm must engage the slot in the support. Assemble the crank and support assembly with the cover (12). Assemble the cover (11) to the camera frame with the screw (10).

h. Assemble the friction spring (1) to the stop plunger (7). Make certain both springs are fully compressed so that

CTIONS

LME ASSEMBLY. (See Figure 9.)  
assembly, lubricate all moving steel  
film of oil. Do not over-lubricate.  
)lunger bushing (27) was removed  
ress a new bushing into the camera  
L the main drive shaft bearing (26).

ranging gear assembly (23) into the  
, and press on the housing cover  
sit block (21) into the recess in the  
lk housing. Do not install this as-  
;il after the driving mechanism has  
the camera frame.

MR only. Fasten the motor bracket  
frame with the four screws (30) and  
i v (29) to the bracket.

>eed control dial holder (17) into the  
and fasten the governor dial (15) to  
> oval head screws (16). Insert the  
lder through the camera frame and  
;he retaining spring (13) around the  
. Secure the retaining spring to the  
lera frame with the fillister head

i meter dial (11) and friction washer  
5t the outside of the camera frame.  
er ratchet (10) on the fillister head  
'ead the screw into the film meter  
he camera frame. The teeth of the  
re in a counterclockwise direction  
E.

e friction spring (S) and retaining  
respective positions on the plunger  
plunger into the stop plunger bush-

ing (33). Be sure that the springs are carefully com-  
pressed so that the bushing is not scored. Insert th<  
push button spring (5) and push button (4) into the pusl  
button opening. Tap the plunger (7) until the end of the  
plunger engages the keyway, or slot, at the end of th<  
push button.

15. BACK MECHANISM PLATE ASSEMBLY. (Se<  
Figure 8.)

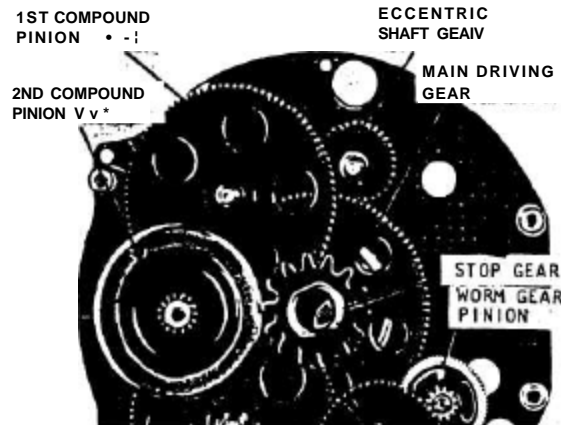
NOTE: During reassembly, lubricate all moving stee  
parts with a light film of oil. Do not over-lubricate

a. If the packing washer (22) was removed, appl;  
a thin coat of orange shellac before reinstalling. In  
sert the hub of the main driving gear (20) through th<  
opening in the back plate (24). Install the tensioi  
springs (23) on the gear hub. Grease the spring  
lightly. Insert the hub of the main drive shaft (21  
through the hollow gear hub and press together unti  
the tension spring is completely enclosed by the driv  
shaft collar. Then install the split retaining ring (19  
around the drive shaft to lock all the parts in place  
Saturate the felt washer (18) with B & H oil and pres  
it into the opening in the gear end of the drive shafi

b. Insert the spring (16), key washer (14) an  
friction washer (13) into the take-up drive shaft gea  
(15). Insert the screw (12) loosely, maintaining  
slight pressure on the screw head with the thumb whil  
turning the gear until the key washer matches with th  
slot in the gear. Then press the screw in place, an  
turn the spindle and collar assembly (17) down on  
the screw. Place this group in a smooth-jaw vise  
and tighten the screw as tightly as possible. Test th  
operation of the assembly by holding the spindle an  
turning the gear. Then set this group aside for th  
time being.

c. In order that the installation of the gears to th  
back plate might be more easily understood, Figure

NOTE THAT RATCHET TEETH  
PROJECT COUNTERCLOCKWISE



DESIGN 70

and lift out the upper mechanism plate

at the gate arm. Remove the fillister head that attaches each sprocket guard (3) to the gate arm and lift off the guards. Then remove the drive sprocket (5), take-up sprocket (6), spring cover tension springs (8 and 9) and sprocket gears (10) from the film sprocket studs. The guide shoes (11 and 13) can be removed by loosening the film guide screws (12 and 14) that attach the shoes to the front mechanism plate.

To remove the governor assembly (18), which regulates the camera within the prescribed range of 16 to 64 frames per second, is critically aligned and must not be disassembled except to remove the governor assembly from the housing assembly. If either of these assemblies is damaged, the entire governor must be replaced with a new one. To remove the governor assembly, loosen the nut (15) located in the center of the stud at the rear end of the governor shaft. Then back the nut (16) halfway out of the stud, and remove the shaft from the opposite bearing (16). The assembly now may be lifted free of the two Q plate studs that retain its bearings. Be careful not to lose the two steel balls (17) that are in each bearing or the pressure spring (19) in the recess of the governor housing.

NOTE

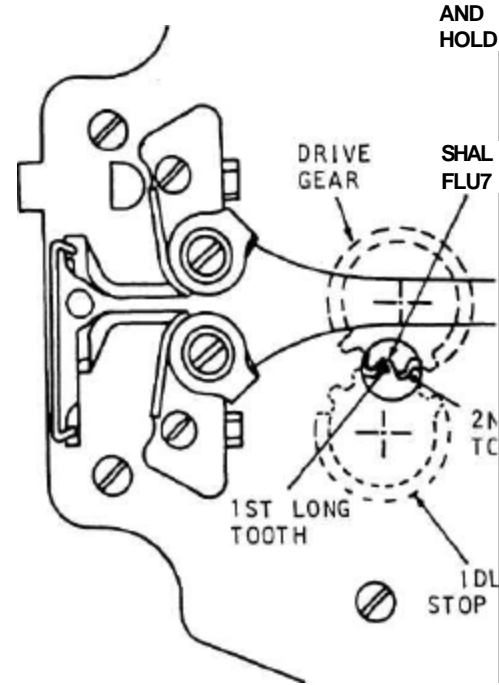
Do not disturb the bearing which carries the shaft opposite from the worm, or difficulty will be experienced when attempting to mesh the governor worm gear and idler gear during reassembly.

From the underside of the mechanism plate, remove the fillister head screw (index 2, Figure 7) that holds the gate arm assembly (1) in place. The gate arm (3) can be removed from the arm by pressing the gate arm tension pin (through opening in the gate plate) with a pointed instrument and lifting the plate from the arm. Be very careful not to scratch the gate plate.

Loosen the gate plate adjusting hex nuts (4) and set them to the desired position. The nuts need not be removed from the gate plate, but the front retaining stud (7) and rear retaining stud (8) from the gate arm, being very careful not to damage the coil springs (8 and 10).

To disassemble the feed spindle mechanism, it is necessary to clamp the spindle in a smooth-jawed vise. Tighten the vice just enough to hold firmly.

TO RELEASE DRIVE SPRING FULLY,  
 AGAINST 1ST LONG TOOTH OF IDLER  
 GEAR TO DISENGAGE IT FROM DRIVE



UNTIL SPRING IS UNWOUND

Figure D. Unlocking Idler and Drive

h. Remove the fillister head screw (IS) which tensions the stop gear spring (20) and idler stop gear from the mechanism plate. Bearings (22) are not to be removed from the plate (27) except for placement.

i. On 70-HR cameras only, remove the idler gear (25), the retaining ring (24) and the idler gear.

8. BACK MECHANISM PLATE ASSEMBLY (See Figure 8.)

a. With the front mechanism plate removed, it should be noted that the driving mechanism gears and bearings pressed into the front and back plates of these gears can be removed from the mechanism simply by lifting them out of the bearings. When removed, make a note of its assembled position.

b. On 70-DR and 70-TMR cameras or 70-DR cameras, remove the pull pawl (1), locking pawl (2) and tension spring from the shaft of the eccentric shaft gear (3).

c. Remove the stop gear (5), intermediate gear (6), and idler gear (7).

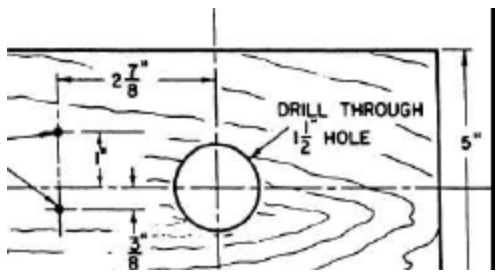
gears in place. The first compound pinion drives the main drive gear and the hand crank in turn drives the second compound pinion and the intermediate spindle and gear assembly. The second compound pinion assembly drives the film take-up mechanism and engages the geared end sockets. The intermediate spindle and gear assembly rotates both the film take-up spindle and the worm gear pinion assembly. The worm gear pinion drives the governor worm shaft. The lubricating wheel is automatic in action. Its

purpose is to assure a constant film of oil to the contact surfaces of the governor worm and worm gear. The eccentric shaft gear assembly is driven directly in drive gear, and, through the action of an idler gear, operates the footage indicator pawls. The idler gear meshes with the idler gear on the mechanism plate. It is free to turn until the contact between two of the teeth engages the hub of the idler gear. This action stops the

operation. Prepare a back plate holding fixture from a wood board two inches thick by five inches wide by five inches long. (See Figure G.) Place the back plate in the fixture with the main driving pinion up and the top of the plate near the two

edges. Place a drop of B & H oil in the bearings of the gears and on each gear shaft, and install the gears in the following order: shaft and idler gear assembly (10), compound pinion and gear assembly (10), compound pinion assembly (9), and the intermediate spindle and gear assembly (6). Lift the intermediate spindle and gear assembly enough so that the intermediate spindle (assembled in step b, preceding) can be inserted. Install the governor worm gear pinion (7). Saturate the lubricator felt of the governor worm gear (8) with B & H oil, and install the back plate. Install the eccentric shaft gear (4), and press the drive shaft stop gear (5) onto the hub of the drive shaft.

<sup>1</sup> Design 70-DR and 70-TMR cameras only, install the tension spring (3), locking pawl (2) and pull



pawl (1) on the shaft of the eccentric shaft gear assembly (4). Place the assembled back plate assembly in a clean spot until the front mechanism plate assembly can be assembled.

#### 16. FRONT MECHANISM PLATE ASSEMBLY

NOTE: During reassembly, lubricate all mechanical parts with a light film of oil. Do not over-

a. If any of the bearings (22) or (23), were removed for replacement, press them into the front mechanism plate (27). Install the stop gear (21) and spring (20) with the screw

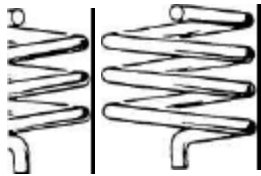
b. Place the stud carrier (18) into position on the underside of the front mechanism plate, a distance of 1/2 inch forward until it is held by the two flanges of the plate.

c. Hold the gate arm (6) in place on the front mechanism plate and press the rear retaining spring (10) installed, down through the opening of gate arm until the groove in the stud carrier (1) with the slot in the mechanism plate. Slide the return spring (15), return spring (14), spring washer (13) and friction collar (12) onto the spindle shaft, and secure all parts with the return screw (11). Tighten the screw firmly,

d. Install the friction washer (17) over the end of the spindle assembly (16) and insert the end through the opening in the front mechanism plate. Slide the return spring (15), return spring (14), spring washer (13) and friction collar (12) onto the spindle shaft, and secure all parts with the return screw (11). Tighten the screw firmly,

e. Attach the lower guide shoe (13), film guide upper guide shoe (11) to the mechanism plate. Install the film guide screws (12) and (14). Slide the sprocket tubes (7) down onto the sprocket gear assembly. Install the torsion spring (8) and (9) so that it fits down into the spring cover tube and end of the sprocket. The wound spring (Figure H) goes with the take-up spring so be sure to note with which assembly it was installed. Install each sprocket (5) on its respective sleeve assembly so that the top end of the torsion spring fits into the recess; install the end of each sprocket. Fasten the sprocket (3) temporarily in place with the screws (4) and must be synchronized after the camera mechanism

FRUCTIONS



COUNTER-CLOCKWISE FOR SPROCKET  
CLOCKWISE FOR TAKE-UP SPROCKET

[. Sprocket Gear Torsion

Springs

As the latter bearing back down into the  
port so that the long, key-like projection  
> r assembly (18) fits into the slot in the  
ism plate. Install the setscrew (15) to  
shaft bearing in place. Move the gov-  
back and forth to make certain that it  
7.

drop of B & H oil on each of the bear-  
ain the governor worm shaft. Apply a  
) & H lubricating grease to spring (19)  
in the opening in the top of governor  
5p the gate arm between thumb and  
place the assembled front mechanism  
y on the assembled back mechanism  
be necessary to shift the gears slightly  
d tool until the gear shafts enter the  
> penings in the upper mechanism plate,  
o mechanism plates together with the  
2). It will be necessary to adjust screw  
ving mechanism pin wrench, S-8681-F1.  
Lgraph 30 for feed spindle adjustment.)  
the assembled mechanism from the

; hub of the main drive gear (on the back  
ate) and check the gears for freedom of  
Lso make certain that all gears are in  
they have the proper clearance in rela-  
ears.

ING SPRING AND DRIVE MECHANISM.

; reassembly, lubricate all moving steel  
ight film of oil. Do not over-lubricate.

e driving spring loosely by hand until it  
in the drum of the holding fixture (Tool  
1), engaging the inner end of the sprine

looped outer end of the spring over the spring  
taining stud(5) in the mechanism plate. Handle s]  
carefully during installation.

c. Attach the lower end of the governor conne  
link (8) to the governor housing with the shoi  
screw (9). The tapped hole in the governor hoi  
can be seen through the long slot in the front me  
nism plate.

d. Place assembled mechanism in fixture (i  
graph 6, step c), and pre-set the camera foota  
follows: First, install the hand crank, S-521\*  
and slowly and carefully wind the spring until  
tight. Remove the safety retaining ring from  
spring. Release the hand crank and count the nu  
of complete revolutions that the hand crank make  
fore the drive and idler gears lock. The hand <  
should make seven complete revolutions, whi  
equivalent to approximately 21 feet of film. If  
crank made only six revolutions, wind the sp  
disengage the gears (Figure D), and allow the s  
to unwind until one drive gear tooth has passed t  
idler gear. Then re-engage the gears. If hand i  
made eight revolutions, disengage the gears and  
the spring until one tooth of the drive gear has n  
back past the idler gear. Then re-engage the g

e. Now pre-set the speed as follows: Hoc  
loose end of the governor link over the pin o  
timing fixture speed indicating dial. Set the  
pointer between the two notches at the high-spee  
of the dial, and wind the spring slowly until it is  
Release the hand crank. Hand crank should  
seven complete revolutions in from 13 to 14 sec  
With dial pointer set between the two notches  
low-speed end of the dial, hand crank should  
one complete revolution in approximately 15 sec  
If unable to obtain these speed adjustments, re  
the governor and adjust it as instructed in para  
18. If pre-setting speeds appear to be correct,  
the spring completely, lock the idler and drive  
by engaging first long tooth of idler gear with s\  
space between drive gear teeth. Then install :  
retaining ring around the spring.

CAUTION

As a safety measure, it is advisable to lea<sup>l</sup>  
the safety retaining ring around the sprii  
until just before the driving mechanism is  
be installed in the camera frame.

f. Apply a thin film of orange shellac arou  
shoulder of the casting. This will act as a s  
prevent the graphite from reaching the driving  
of film chamber. Snrp.ad annrnyimntpiv nmpfpQ?

DESIGN 70

Use your thumb and forefinger, and insert the driving mechanism carefully into the camera frame.

Fig 70-DR and 70-TMR only. Spread the film meter until they straddle the film meter ratchet, and press down firmly on the driving mechanism until the film meter is seated. Check to make certain that the film meter operates footage dial freely. Install the mechanism attaching screws (index 1, Figure 10) and turn them in until tight.

Attach the upper end of the governor control dial to the speed control dial with the shoulder screw (index 2, Figure 5) and spacer (3). The speed dial should turn freely and should move the governor back and forth.

Install the assembled crank housing (19, Figure 10, Figure 10) to the camera frame with the mounting screws. During this operation, the drive gear must be meshed with the second component assembly of the driving mechanism.

When repairing Design 70-HR cameras, the mounting parts (32 through 38, Figure 10) can now be used. Fasten the drive gear (37) to the drive shaft with two screws (36) and assemble these to the belt housing (35) with the gear stud (34). The inner end of the gear stud through the camera frame and secure it with the screw (32) and washer (33).

INSTALLING THE GOVERNOR.

Install the governor flexure control washer retainer (18) on the end of the governor housing assembly and position it very precisely so that it does not interfere with the governor springs. Install the spring gaging fixtures, S-8094-F3 and S-8094-F4, and loosen the retainer screws. Adjust the retainer so that it clears the S-8094-F3 gaging fixture and tighten the retainer screws.

Do not attempt to disassemble the governor in order to perform internal adjustments. If the speed dial is set in accordance with the procedure outlined in Paragraph 17, step e, but does not satisfactorily

meet the speed check requirements in paragraph 1, step b, it is recommended that the governor assembly be replaced.

19. FRONT PLATE ASSEMBLY. (See 10)

a. If the front plate and spindle were replaced, press the new spindle (29) carefully into the front plate (32) so that the spindle washer fits into the recess in the front plate casting. Put a drop of lubricating oil on the shuttle cam spindle and slip the shims (26 and 27) over the spindle. Assemble the shutter and shuttle cam assembly (30) on the spindle, and spin the shutter around seven times to make certain that it spins freely and does not bind the front plate casting.

b. Insert the shuttle pins (21) into the cam and the shuttle (20), and install the washer (22) and the spring (22) on the lower pin. Position the spring on the shuttle cam so that the dowel pins fit into the grooves in the front plate casting. Spread the spring far enough apart to allow a full shuttle to pass. Install special screws (19) to hold shuttle pins in place.

c. Rotate the shutter to make certain that it operates easily and that it drives the shuttle. There should be very little play between the shuttle and cam either horizontally or vertically. However, the shuttle should not bind, and the shuttle and cam should operate easily. If there is too much play between the shuttle and cam, shims should be added; if the shuttle cam does not remove a shim or shims.

d. Lay the aperture plate (15) temporarily in position and check the height that the shuttle teeth pass through the two parallel slots in the aperture plate. The teeth must be high enough to engage the sprocket teeth in the film. This height can be adjusted by changing the thickness of the shim, or shims, between the shuttle cam and the aperture plate.

CAUTION

Do not attempt to adjust the shuttle teeth or the grooves in which the shuttle teeth rest.

e. Place the aperture plate (15) in position on the film tension rail (17), and lay both parts in their approximate position on the front plate casting. Insert the edge of the plate just enough so that the teeth (18) can be slipped into the recess in the front plate. It may be necessary to bend the ends of the aperture plate from the front plate casting. Then hold the aperture plate in position and install the two screws (13) enough to hold the plate. Position the film tension rail (13) along the opposite edge of the aperture

S: GAGING, FIXTURE, - ^S: CONTROL, RETAINER:



INSTRUCTIONS

The other leg is between the aperture opening. Move the dowel pin back into the aperture opening. Move the dowel pin back into the aperture opening. Move the dowel pin retaining screw.

Remove the camera from the work bench with the front plate facing up. Remove the starting button assembly temporarily from the camera frame, and clean the front plate assembly for cleanliness, and lubricate the bearing surfaces sparingly with a very light H lubricating oil. Install the front plate so that the stop pawl stud fits into the slot in the upper mechanism plate. Be sure the front plate completely down into the starting button and spring and end of the assembly. Then press the front plate into place.

Insert four screws (1) that fasten the front plate to the camera casting. Install the plunger (12), the spring (13) and screw (10).

NOTE

When adjusting the turret head, check the speed of the camera as instructed in paragraph 20, if necessary. Then mark the speed of the camera as instructed in paragraph 22.

Remove the aperture plate (9) on top of the front plate. The cut-out in the bearing plate is for the aperture opening. Carefully insert the aperture plate (8) into the slots around the edge of the bearing plate. Place the indexing rollers (7) on the bearing plate (6) and insert them partially into the slots of the lens turret (5) in place on the bearing plate holding it firmly with one hand, and insert the indexing rollers and studs into the slots of the lens turret is firmly seated. Re-check the camera to make certain that the indexing

rollers properly position each lens opening at the aperture. Install the spacer (4) and special nut (3) being careful not to turn the nut on too tightly. The press in the oil retaining plug (2).

NOTE

The turret must turn with some amount of resistance, but must not be so tight that the "snap" of the indexing rollers as they position the lens opening cannot be felt.

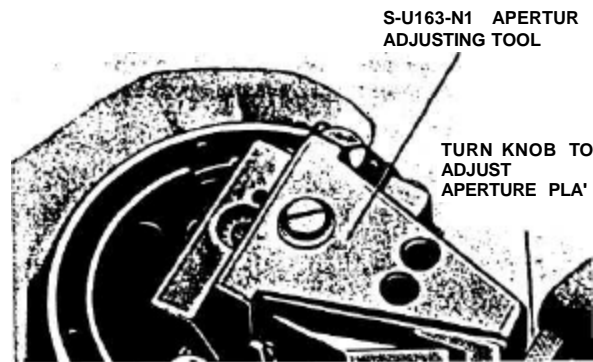
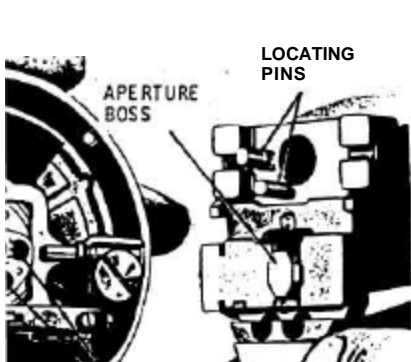
20. ADJUSTING THE APERTURE PLATE.

a. When correctly adjusted, the upper and lower frame lines on the film are in the exact center of the film perforations and the outer frame lines are equally distant from the edges of the film.

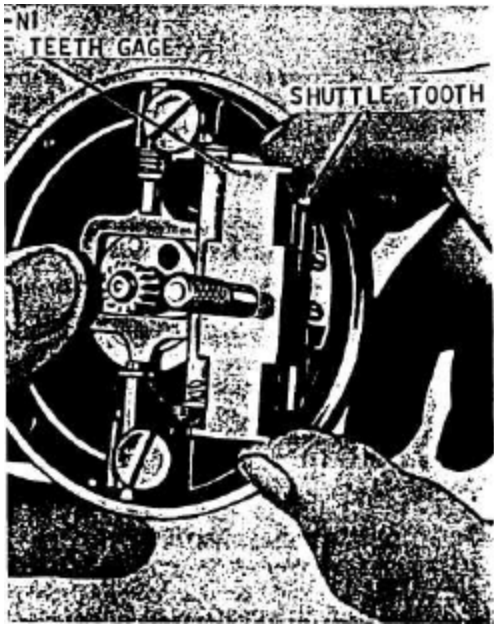
b. Rotate the shutter so that the two large holes in the cam are in the position shown in Figure K. Notice that the shuttle teeth are at the beginning of the stroke. Lay the aperture adjusting tool, S-4163-N2, over the aperture plate so that the two pins fit into the large holes and the aperture stud fits into the aperture opening.

c. The four screws which attach the aperture plate were left slightly loose during reassembly. Turn the knurled knob on the adjusting tool, as shown in Figure L, until it is tight. This will pull the aperture plate to the correct position. Then tighten the aperture plate attaching screws slightly, and remove the adjusting tool.

d. The gage, S-3972-N1, is used to check the position of the aperture plate in relation to the shutter stroke. With the gage positioned on the aperture plate



DESIGN 70



M. Checking Clearance of Shuttle Teeth

in Figure M (boss on underside of gage in-  
 .erture opening) and the NO GO end  
 nearest i teeth, the shuttle teeth should just  
 strike /hen the shutter is rotated. When the  
 gage sd so that the GO end is nearest the  
 shuttle teeth should just clear the gage as  
 the rotated. It may be necessary to shift  
 the Dlate slightly until this condition is  
 met. at step c, preceding, and tighten down  
 the late attaching screws securely.

3TING THE BUCK TOOTH GEARS.

idler and drive gears are visible through  
 g in the front mechanism plate just below  
 rm. The camera mechanism must be ad-  
 run not less than 21 feet and not more than  
 one full winding of the main drive spring,  
 itment is made by setting the teeth of the  
 in relation to the shallow space of the drive

i the spring to capacity and set the Veeder  
 zero. Press the camera starting button,  
 the camera to run until it stops. Then  
 Veeder counter to see how many feet the  
 s run.

an example, suppose the footage dial indi-  
 camera run is 19 feet. Since each tooth of  
 gear represents approximately three feet,  
 of thp ririvp ppar must hp mnvPHfnrwarH

momentarily to allow one tooth of the drp  
 pass by. Then re-engage the gears.

d. If, for example, the footage dial shoul  
 that the camera run is 30 feet on one compl  
 ing, disengage the idler gear with a screwc  
 wind the spring slowly until three drive g  
 (representing nine feet) have passed the idl  
 a counterclockwise direction. Then re-e  
 gears.

e. Test the adjustment by winding the  
 capacity, setting the footage dial at zero, i  
 ing the motor to run down.

22. MARKING THE SPEED DIAL.

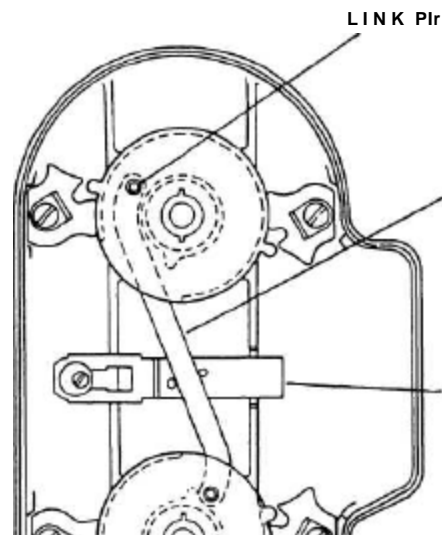
a. Whenever the camera has been disa;  
 it usually is necessary to remark the spee  
 this is done, a new speed dial must be insta

b. Determine the proper position of spe  
 of the outer dial by checking the running ti  
 structed in paragraph 1-a. As each speed is  
 set, mark the dial with a sharp tool exactl;  
 the mark on the speed control ring.

23. CAMERA COVER ASSEMBLY. (See I

a. Place the camera cover (34) flat with  
 surface facing up. Position the push bar (  
 cover and install the eccentric (31) and  
 screw (32). The eccentric will be adjustet  
 cover has been completely assembled (para

b. Assemble the latch cam link (24) to tl  
 that it lies between the two guide pins of th  
 (33) and with the link pins facing up (see ]





INSTRUCTIONS

Reattach the latch cam hub (20C) to the lower end and assemble these parts to the cover end of the link (24) as shown in Figure 22. Assemble the outer hubs (20B) and keys (20A) to the cover, guiding the keys into the slots in the inner hubs and latch ends of the key prongs to hold all

the upper door latches (25) and lower door latches (27) with the screws (26) and (29) and (27) and (30) as shown in Figure N.

Install the parallax correction cam (14), and steel ball (16) to the viewfinder side and secure the inner end of the cam ring (15). Assemble the indexing roller (12) to the turret face of the turret (13) and hold these parts lightly in place with shim stock while assembling the viewfinder tube. Secure the turret tube (9) and washer (10). Insert the tube into the housing until fully seated; then securely tighten the pilot screws (6) and

60-DR and 70-TMR. Assemble the viewfinder assembly (2) to the camera cover and tighten the four mounting screws (3). Insert the piece mount (4) into the rear end of the viewfinder tube.

60-HR only. Assemble the viewfinder assembly (2) to the camera cover and tighten the four mounting screws (3). Assemble the idler gear (19C) onto the shaft (19A) engaging its teeth with those of the gear (19B) and secure the gear with the screw (19A)

*j* APERTURE GATE BACKLASH.

If the eccentric washer is located near the camera cover on the inside of the door, the purpose is to lock the gate in the closed position. The cover is in place so that it cannot be moved forward, the eccentric needs

to be moved forward, the eccentric needs

CAUTION

If the eccentric is adjusted so that it forces the gate arm forward too tightly, it may cause the gate to pinch the film and result in binding or jamming of the camera.

25. HAND CRANK ASSEMBLY. (See Figure 2.)

a. Fasten the crank handle (6) to the spindle of the hand crank (7) with the fillister head screw (5).

b. Insert the compression spring (4) and two steel balls (3) into the opening in the crank stem, and hold them with the thumb and forefinger while slipping the hand crank dial (2) up into place. Install the compression locking spring (1).

26. WINDING KEY ASSEMBLY. (See Figure 1.)

a. Place a small amount of vaseline on the teeth of the spring shaft (9) and the teeth of the ratchet (2) and key body (12). Insert the spring (11) and spring washers (9) down into the key body (12), and install the lock ring (10).

b. Compress the spring by pulling the end of the spring shaft until the uncoupling bar (8) can be inserted through the opening in the key body.

c. Hold the handle plate (7) in position with the prongs in the key body slots, and install the compression spring (6) and split retaining collar (4). Then slide the friction clip (5) up over the key body, and install the retaining ring (3).

d. Slide the ratchet (2) onto the lower end of the spring shaft so that the ratchet teeth engage the teeth on the key body and the hole in the ratchet is aligned with the hole in the shaft. Install the pin (1) to lock the ratchet in place.

27. FOCAL LENGTH ADJUSTMENT. (See Figure 3.)

a. The focal length of the camera is measured from the film plane (surface of the aperture plate) to the lens seat. This measurement, which can be taken with a standard one-inch micrometer, should be .690 inch plus or minus .001 inch at all points on the lens seat. The distance must be exact, because errors may cause pictures to be out of focus.

b. If the micrometer reading is less than .690 inch, paper shims must be inserted under the aperture

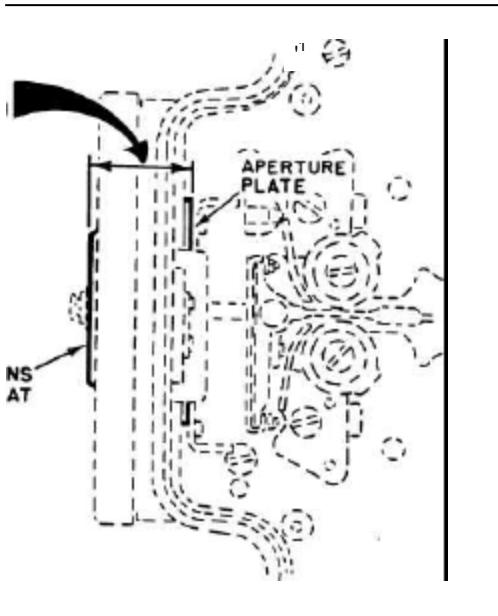


Figure P. Camera Focal Length Adjustment

**NOTE**

When making the measurements, be sure that there are no particles of lint or dust on the aperture plate, lens seat or micrometer. Be sure to check each lens seat individually.

**FILM CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT.**

The film clearance is the distance between the gate plate and the aperture plate when the film gate is in the closed position. This clearance should be .001 to .002 inches. Allow the mechanism to run down so that the gate teeth are retracted and behind the aperture plate.

With a .0065-inch feeler gage, check the distance between the gate plate and aperture plate at the corners of the gate plate. The feeler gage should just fit into the space without forcing.

Adjust the film clearance by loosening the hex screws on the three gate plate setscrews and turning them in or out with an Allen head wrench until the clearance is correct. Then tighten the hex screws firmly.

**29. SYNCHRONIZING THE SPROCKETS.**

a. Synchronization of the sprockets must be done after the camera is completely assembled and the mechanism at least partly wound so that the film is stopped with the shutter in the closed position.

b. Remove the screw which holds the sprocket guard in place. Lift the sprocket enough to clear the gears, and revolve the sprocket until the gate arm points away from the center line of the gate (see Figure Q.)

c. When both sprockets are properly synchronized there will be sufficient clearance between the sprocket teeth and the gate arm (with the gate open) for easy film threading.

**30. FEED SPINDLE ADJUSTMENT.**

a. Place the film spool on the feed spindle and turn the spool three or four complete revolutions in the clockwise direction. When released, the spool will recoil about one and one-half turns.

b. The tension on the feed spindle is regulated by turning the feed spindle tension regulator. Turning the screw clockwise with the S-866 mechanism pin wrench shown in Figure J increases the feed spindle tension; turning the screw counter-clockwise decreases the tension of the feed spindle.

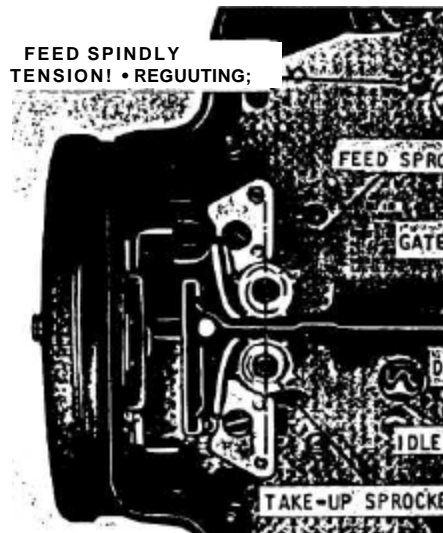


Figure Q. Feed Spindle and Sprocket A

INSTRUCTIONS

TEST PROCEDURE.

spring motor to capacity. Press and holding button several times. The start-return to its original position each

footage dial while the camera is running, move only one graduation at a time.

tension of the speed control dial. It is important to prevent its being disturbed by normal handling of the camera.

spring motor to full capacity and set at zero. Press the starting button, camera to run down. Camera footage run of not less than 21 and not more; necessary, adjust as instructed in

camera is running, note carefully any abnormal operation such as spring jump or which may be caused by a lack of oil.

camera with a 100-foot roll of positive black film may be used repeatedly for

run the entire 100-feet of film to determine if camera functions properly when loaded, at the sprocket teeth release the film only.

running of the film, check the action of the film must wind tight on the spool.

d. To check the tension of the feed spindle, place a film spool on the feed spindle and turn the spool three or four complete revolutions in a clockwise direction. When released, the spool should recede about one and one-half turns. Adjust, if necessary, as instructed in paragraph 30.

33. PHOTO TEST.

a. Thread the camera with a short strip of positive or negative film. Set the camera as you would normally do for taking pictures.

b. Make a short photo test, and check the test for sharpness, film scratches and proper framing of 1 pictures.

34. LIGHT-LEAK TEST.

a. Thread the camera in the usual manner with a short piece of Super XX Panchromatic film, use both the feed and take-up spools.

b. Close the camera door securely, and lay camera in the direct sunlight (door side up) for at least 15 minutes. Move the camera frequently so that all edges of the door are exposed to the direct sunlight.

NOTE

If it is not possible to place the camera in the sunlight, use several photo flood bulbs and expose the camera in the same manner. Make certain that the lens cap, or caps, are in place during test.

c. Inspect the film to see whether or not it has been affected in any way by the light.

pages illustrate and list, by part description, all replacement parts for Design 70-1 16-mm Motion Picture Cameras, and TMR. Parts are indexed in a column of removal and will serve as an aid in planning camera repair.

When ordering replacement parts, be sure to check the Code column to be certain that you are getting the correct part for the particular camera being serviced. If the Usable on Code

column is blank, the part listed is applicable to all camera models. Parts which apply to specific camera models are letter-coded as follows: Design 70-1 camera parts are coded "A", Design 70-HR camera parts are coded "B", and Design 70-TMR camera parts are coded "C".

NOTE: This Parts Catalog reflects only those cameras with serial number L-98020 and higher. When servicing earlier model cameras, refer to Service Manual Part No. 70019 (revised April 1959).

#### NON-ILLUSTRATED PARTS AND ACCESSORIES

Carrying Case (70-DR).....	P/N 06974
Carrying Case (70-HR, 70-TMR).....	P/N 040104
Film Magazine, 400 ft (70-HR only).....	Design 132B
Spring Belt for 400 ft magazine.....	P/N 10089
Film Spool.....	P/N 08272
?Electric Motors (70-HR and 70-TMR):	
12VDC, 8 to 64 fps.....	P/N 07035
24VDC, 8 to 64 fps.....	P/N 031498
115V AC-DC, 8 to 64 fps.....	P/N 031397
115VAC, 60 cycle, 24 fps.....	P/N 085089

?Design 70-DR camera must be factory-adapted for use with external motors.

DESIGN

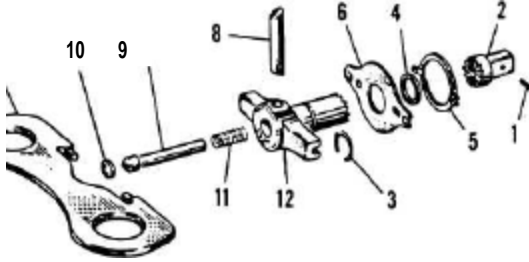


Figure 1. Winding Key Assembly

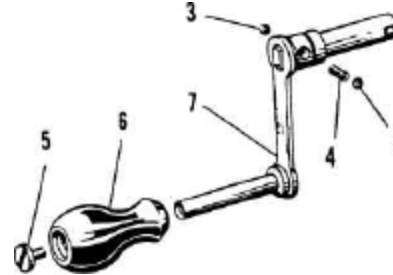


Figure 2. Hand Crank Assel

IG. & INDEX NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION					UNITS PER ASSY
		12	3	4	5	6	

WINDING KEY ASSEMBLY

T,-	07388	KEY ASSY, Winding, non-rotating.....					1
-1	14479	. PIN .....					1
-2	14481	. RATCHET .....					1
-3	1662	. RING, Retaining .....					1
-4	1092	. COLLAR, Retaining, split.....					1
-5	1685	. CLIP, Friction .....					1
-6	14475	. SPRING, Clamp.....					1
-7	14474	. PLATE, Handle.....					1
-8	14476	. BAR, Uncoupling .....					1
-9	14478	. SHAFT, Spring.....					1
-10	14480	. PLUG.....					1
-11	14477	. SPRING, Compression .....					1
-12	14482	. BODY, Key.....					1

HAND CRANK ASSEMBLY

2-	0295	CRANK ASSY, Hand (complete).....					1
-1	9419	. SPRING, Hand crank dial locking.....					1
-2	9421	. DIAL, Hand crank (20 frames).....					1
-3	2569	. BALL.....					2
-4	10457	. SPRING, Compression.....					1
-5	21997	. SCREW, Fillister hd, No. 6-32 x 1/4 in .....					1
-6	15904	. HANDLE, Crank.....					1

DESIGN

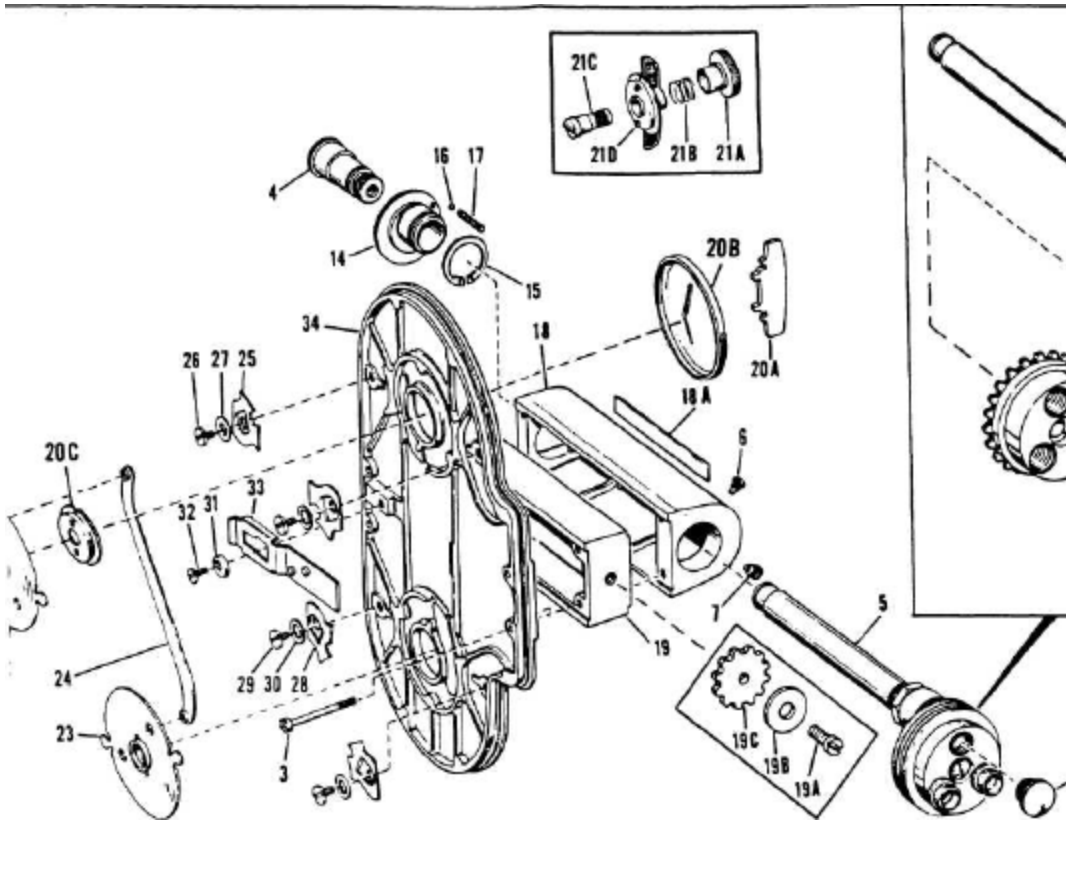


Figure 3. Camera Cover Asse

PART NO.	12 3 4 5 6 7	DESCRIPTION	UNIT S PER ASSY
<b>CAMERA COVER ASSEMBLY</b>			
11765		COVER, Lens mount.....	2
09020		VIEWFINDER ASSY (Includes items 4 thru 18).....	1
09029		VIEWFINDER ASSY (Includes items 4 thru 18).....	1
20549		SCREW, Viewfinder attaching .....	4
22305		SCREW, Viewfinder attaching .....	4
06680		. MOUNT, Eyepiece.....	1
09027		. TUBE ASSY, FINDER (includes items 8 thru 13).....	1
20693		. SCREW, Pilot (upper).....	1
20536		. SCREW, Pilot (lower).....	1
09033		. . TURRET, Viewfinder.....	1
28069		. . SCREW, Turret.....	1
17891		. . WASHER, Spring.....	1
11775		. . SPRING, Turret indexing.....	1
11785		. . ROLLER, Turret indexing.....	1
No Number		. . TUBE, Viewfinder.....	1
22306		. CAM, Parallax correction.....	1
26915		. RING, Retaining.....	1
5238		. BALL, Steel.....	1
22500		. SPRING, Compression.....	1
27959		. HOUSING, Viewfinder.....	1
29268		NAMEPLATE (70-DR) .....	1
29270		NAMEPLATE (70-HR) .....	1
29273		NAMEPLATE (70-TMR) .....	1
27961		SPACER, Viewfinder.....	1
27968		SCREW, Pivot.....	1
27966		WASHER.....	1
27964		GEAR, Idler.....	1
09035		COVER ASSY (Includes items 20 thru 34) .....	1
09038		COVER ASSY (Includes items 20 thru 34) .....	1
27975		. KEY, Latch cam.....	2
27978		. HUB, Latch cam, outer.....	2
27981		. HUB, Latch cam, inner.....	2
16821		. KNOB, Clutch (see Note A).....	1
6128		. SPRING, Compression (see Note A).....	1
16822		. CLUTCH (see Note A).....	1
09673		. HUB ASSY, Latch cam (see Note A).....	1
04262		. CAM, Latch (upper).....	1
04263		. CAM, Latch (lower).....	1
6212 •		. LINK, Latch cam.....	1
14429		. LATCH, Door (upper).....	2
14430		. SCREW, Door latch.....	2
6219		. WASHER, Spring.....	2
14428		. LATCH, Door (lower).....	2
14430		. SCREW, Door latch.....	2
6219		. WASHER, Spring.....	2
11144		. ECCENTRIC.....	1
6458		. SCREW, Eccentric .....	1
02145		. BAR, Push.....	1
28009		. COVER, Camera.....	1
		r.nvrn r.nmom .....	1

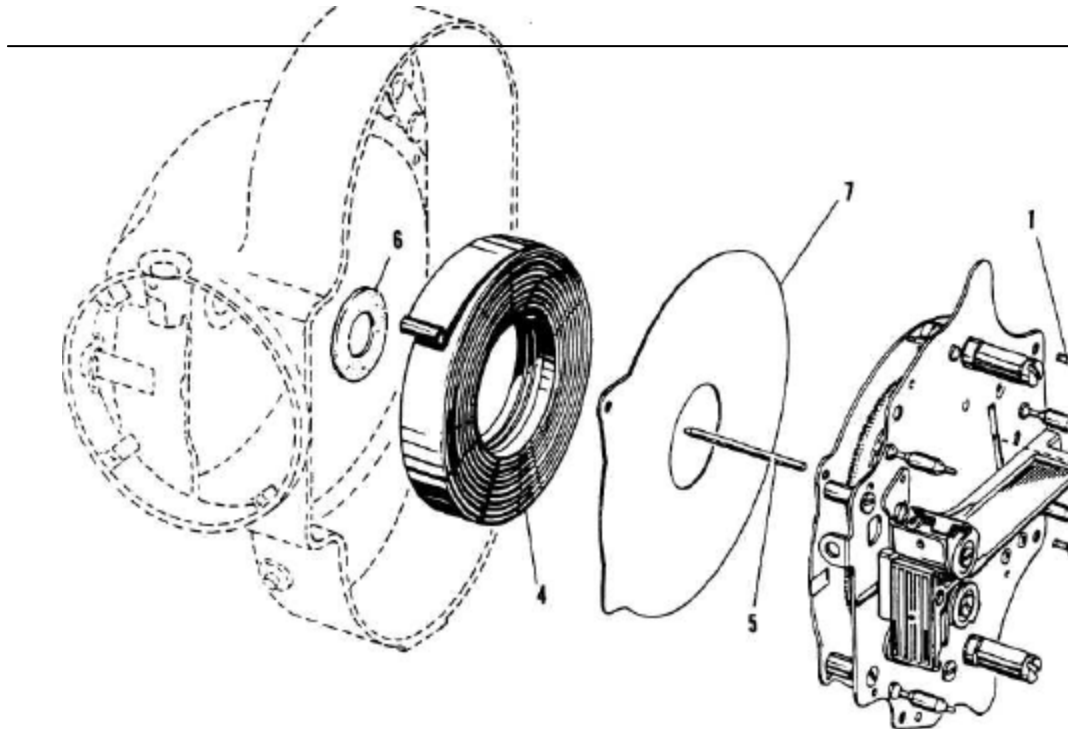
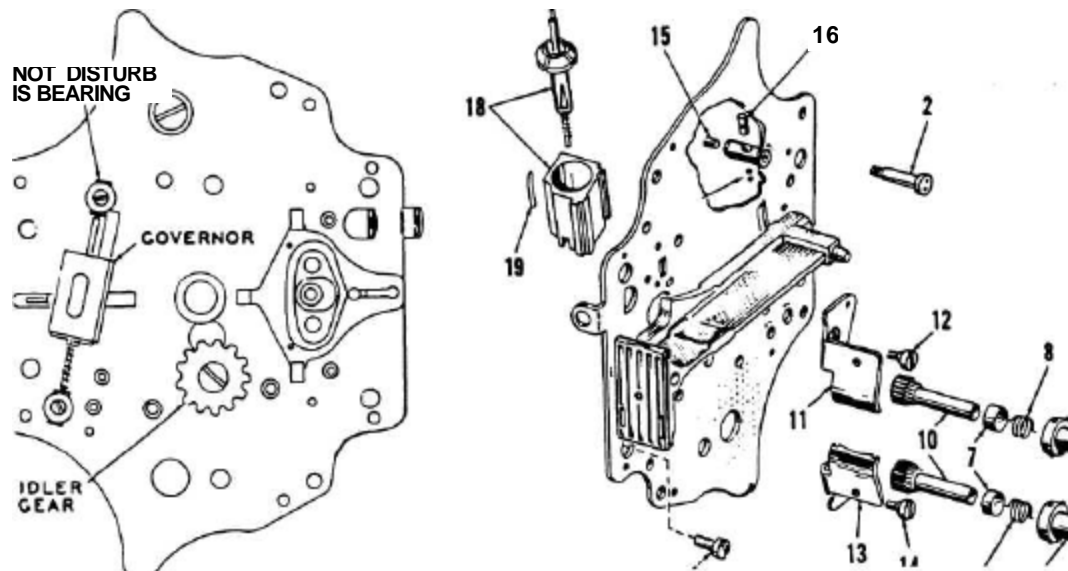


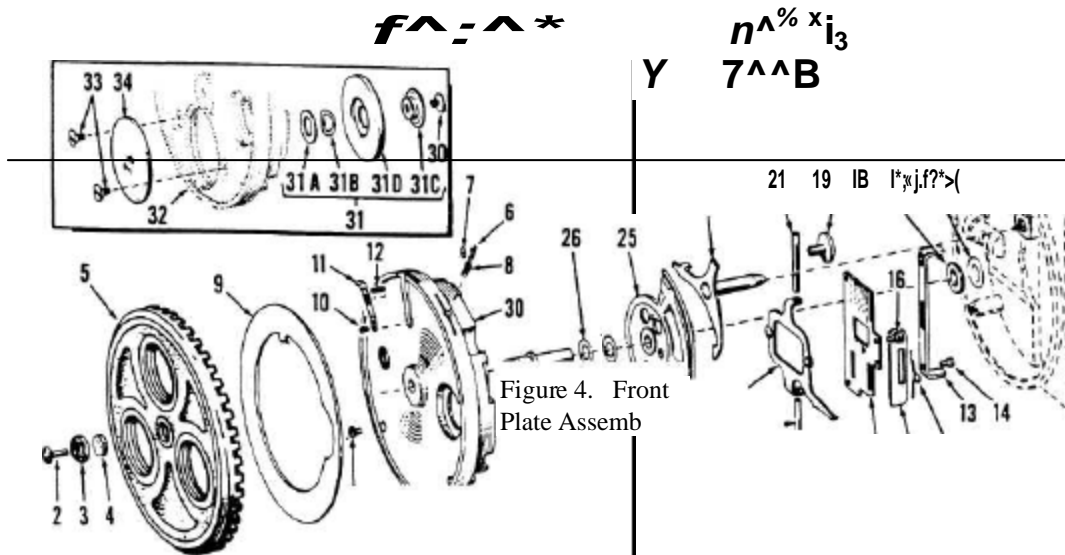
Figure 5. Main Drive Spring and Gc





1 29 27 XJ „

151718



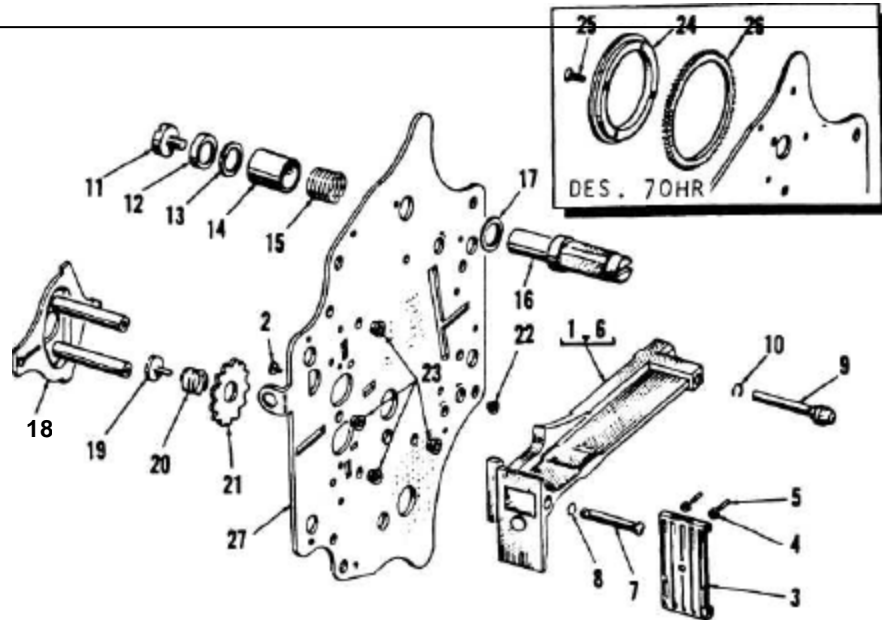
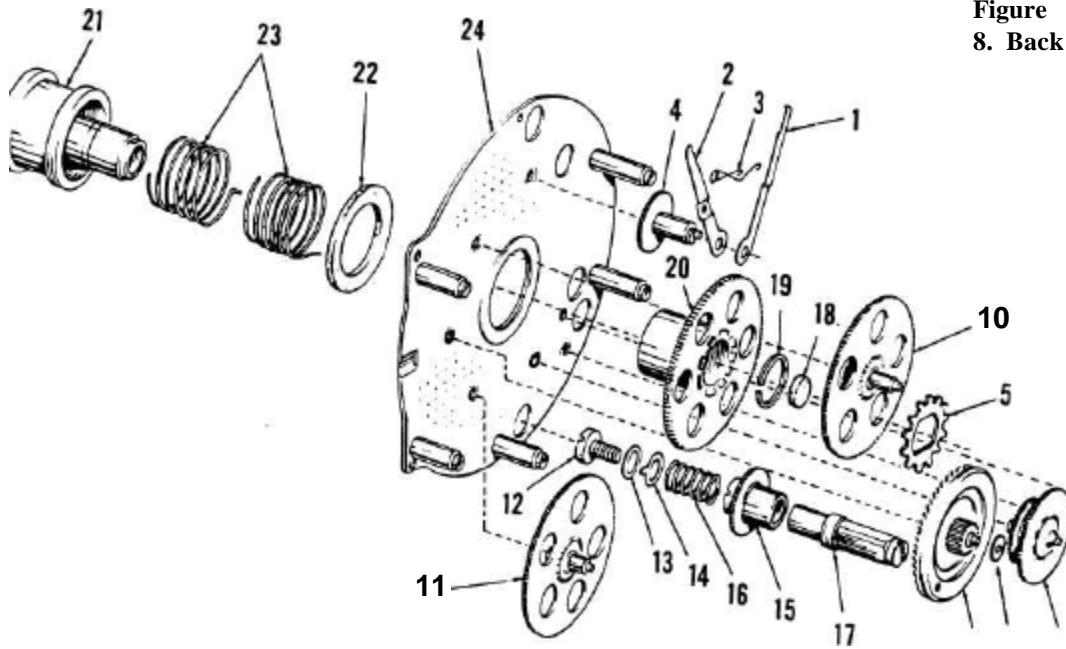


Figure 7. Front Mechanism Plate Assembly - Sheet

PART NO.	12	3	4	5	6	7	DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSY
<b>FRONT MECHANISM PLATE ASSEMBLY</b>								
06941	.						ARM ASSY, Gate (includes items 3 thru 5).....	1
7363 or 4460	.						SCREW, Gate arm.....	1
22355	.	.					PLATE, Film gate .....	1
15192	.	.					NUT, Hex.....	3
17934	.	.					SETSCREW, Headless.....	3
09672	.	.					ARM, PIN AND SPRING ASSY.....	1
6369	.						STUD, Gate retaining (front) .....	1
28814	.						SPRING, Single coil .....	1
11883	.						STUD, Gate retaining (rear).....	1
28814	.						SPRING, Single coil .....	1
6296	.						SCREW, Shoulder.....	1
6416	.						COLLAR, Friction.....	1
24612	.						WASHER, Spring .....	1
6417	.						HOUSING, Return spring.....	1
6418	.						SPRING, Feed spindle return .....	1
03045	.						SPINDLE ASSY, Feed .....	1
6492	.						WASHER, Friction .....	1
05867	.						CARRIER ASSY, Sprocket stud.....	1
1523	.						SCREW, Stop gear .....	1
6128	.						SPRING, Stop gear.....	1
27630	.						GEAR, Idler stop.....	1
fi373	.						BEARING, Governor drive ear.....	1



**Figure**  
**8. Back**

**Mechanism Plate**

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	USA PER C
NO.	12 3 4 5 6 7	ASSY	C
<b>BACK MECHANISM PLATE ASSEMBLY</b>			
6164	PAWL, Ratchet pull.....		1 <i>J</i>
6163	PAWL, Ratchet locking.....	1	1 <i>I</i>
6165	SPRING, Ratchet pawl.....		1 <i>i</i>
9006	ECCENTRIC AND GEAR ASSY.....		1 <i>i</i>
9007	GEAR ASSY, Veeder counter.....		1
27631	GEAR, Stop, main drive shaft.....		1
09001	SPINDLE & GEAR ASSY.....		1
09332	PINION ASSY, Governor.....		1
0698	WHEEL ASSY, Governor lubricating.....		1
09004	PINION ASSY, 2nd compound.....		1
10601	WASHER, Shim.....		AR
09003	PINION ASSY, 1st compound.....		1
09002	GEAR ASSY, Idler.....		1
09317	SPINDLE ASSY, Take-up (includes items 12 thru 17) . . . .		1
09324	SPINDLE ASSY, Take-up (includes items 12 thru 17) . . . .		1
6296	. SCREW, Shoulder.....		1
6492	. WASHER, Friction.....		2
6493	. WASHER, Friction (keyed).....		1
27626	. GEAR, Take-up drive (20° pressure angle).....		1
09323	. GEAR, Take-up drive (20° pressure angle).....		1
6124	. SPRING, Compression.....		1
03045	. SPINDLE & COLLAR ASSY.....		1
6147	WASHER, Grease retaining.....		1
9343	PLATE ASSY, Back (includes items 19 thru 24).....		1
9344	PLATE ASSY, Back (includes items 19 thru 24).....		1
6146	. RING, Split retaining.....		1
09005	. GEAR, Main driving.....		1
6144	. SHAFT, Main drive.....		1
22218	. WASHER, Packing.....		1
12086	. SPRING, Tension.....		2
05871	. PLATE & BEARING ASSY.....		1
05873	. PLATE & BEARING ASSY.....		1

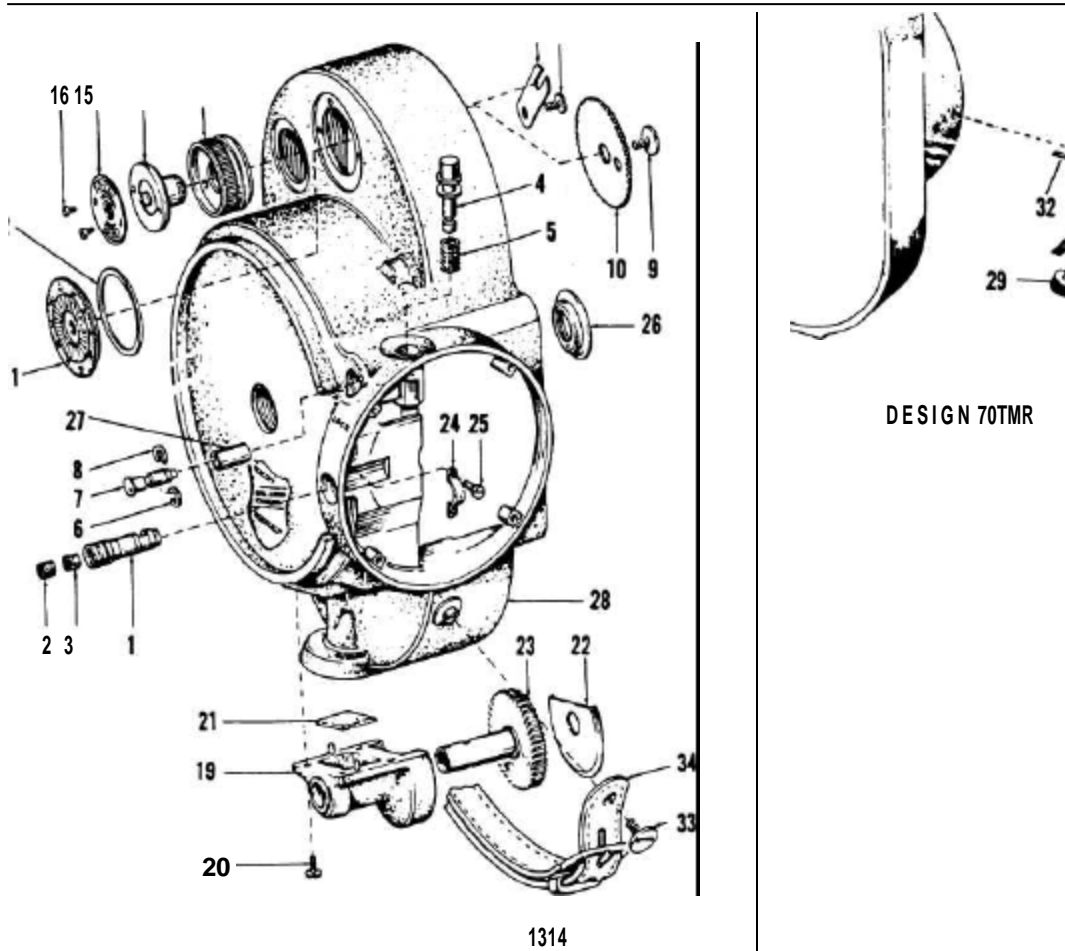


Figure 9. Camera Frame Assembly  
and 70TMR) (see Figure 10 for E  
Camera Frame)

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT S PER ASSY
CAMERA FRAME (DES. 70-DR AND 70-TMR)		
	FOCUSER, Critical.....	1
	EYEPiece, Critical focuser.....	1
	CARRIER, Critical focuser.....	1
	BUTTON, Stop pawl push.....	1
	SPRING, Push button.....	1
	SPRING, Stop plunger retaining.....	1
	PLUNGER, Push button stop.....	1
	SPRING, Stop plunger friction.....	1
	FRAME ASSY (Includes items 11 thru 34).....	1
	FRAME ASSY (Includes items 11 thru 34).....	1
	. SCREW, Ratchet.....	1
	. RATCHET, Film meter.....	1
	. DIAL, Film meter.....	1
	. WASHER, Friction.....	1
	. SPRING, Speed control retaining.....	1
	. SCREW, Retaining spring.....	1
	. DIAL, Governor.....	1
	. DIAL, Governor.....	1
	. SCREW, Governor dial.....	2
	. HOLDER, Speed control dial.....	1
	. HOLDER, Speed control dial.....	1
	. KNOB, Speed control.....	1
	. HOUSING ASSY, Crank.....	1
	. SCREW, Crank housing.....	4
	. BLOCK, Felt.....	1
	. COVER, Crank housing.....	1
	. GEAR ASSY, Cranking (20° press, angle).....	1
	. CLAMP, Critical focuser.....	1
	. SCREW, Clamp.....	2
	. BEARING, Main drive shaft.....	1
	. BUSHING, Stop plunger.....	1
	. FRAME, Camera.....	1
	SCREW, Locking, knurled.....	1
	SCREW.....	4
	PIN, Aligning.....	2
	BRACKET, Camera motor.....	1
	SCREW, Carrying strap.....	2
	STRAP, Carrying.....	1

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